APPENDIX

Worksheets and Formats for the Marketing Plan

The following worksheets correspond to the preparation of your marketing plan presented in Parts II through IV of this book. Their purpose is to provide you with a strategic framework for efficiently preparing an effective, well-thought-out marketing plan. Use these worksheets to identify and compile material for each of the sections as well as for completing your marketing plan.

The Successful Marketing Plan

CHAPTER 4 SCOPE

WORKSHEET 33

Core Competencies

Company Strengths That When Combined, Form a Un	iigue Ca	pability
---	----------	----------

•
' .
Definition of core competency: Combination of strengths that form an overriding capability that allow you to have a differential advantage over the competition. It provides you access to a target audience making a significant and difficult-to-duplicate contribution to the benefits customers perceive from purchasing your products or services.
Description of What You Really Do One sentence: What is it you really do for your customers?
Key benefit to target:
Scope of Business Broad users and/or purchasers target market:
ndustry category in which you will compete:
Channels you will sell to and through:
Geographic markets where you will compete:
Key competitors or competitive set:

CHAPTER 5 TARGETS

WORKSHEET 34

Task 1. Identify Top-Selling and Growth Products

Industry and Company Products That Meet These Criteria

- Top selling, strong historical sales
- Growth potential
- Profitable

Product Sales Volume

									CATE	GORY 5	-YEAR T	rend								
Category's Highest-			Sales				Percer	nt of Cat	tegory			Sa	les Prof	its		Numbe	er of Tra	nsactio	ns or Pu	rchases
Dollar-Volume Products	Yr. 1	Yr. 2	Yr. 3	Yr. 4	Yr. 5	Yr. 1		Yr. 3	Yr. 4	Yr. 5	Yr. 1	Yr. 2	Yr. 3	Yr. 4	Yr. 5	Yr. 1	Yr. 2			Yr. 5
1																				
2																				
3																				
•																				
•																				
•																				
•																				
									COME	ANY 5-	YEAR T	REND								
Category's Highest- Dollar-Volume			Sales				Porcor	nt of Ca					les Prof	ite		Numbe	r of Tra	neactio	ns or Pu	rchaeae
Number of Products	Yr. 1	Yr. 2	Yr. 3	Yr. 4	Yr. 5	Yr. 1	Yr. 2	Yr. 3	Yr. 4	Yr. 5	Yr. 1	Yr. 2	Yr. 3	Yr. 4	Yr. 5	Yr. 1	Yr. 2	Yr. 3		Yr. 5
Tamber of Frontes					1110			22.0		1110			11.0		1110			227.5		
1																				
2																				
3																				
•																				
•																				
•																				
		Ma	rket Sh	are																
Products	Yr. 1	Yr. 2	Yr. 3	Yr. 4	Yr. 5															
1																				
2																				
3																				
•																				
•																				
•																				
						IN	NDEX:	COMP	ANY TO	CATE	GORY									
		Sale Cha	s Percer nge Con	ıt ıpany			Percen ge Cate			Sales Index		ıny to C	Category	7	Pe In	rcent of dex Con	Sales npany t	o Catego	ory	
		(5-Y	ear Tren	d)		(5-Ye	ar Tren	d)												
Dollar Volume Products		Yrs.	1-5			Yrs. 1	1–5			Yrs. 1	l - 5				Yr	. 1 Y	r. 2	Yr. 3	Yr. 4	Yr. 5
1																				
2																				
3																				

Task 2. Determine Key Industry and Company Target Market Segments

Identify Target Market Segments from Best-Performing Products in Task

First consider power segments, those target segments responsible for the greatest purchase rate of the top-performing products and purchases across multiple products in your industry category (if applicable).

List the target market description for the largest industry or company product category (based on sales volume, sales growth, and/or profitability), the second largest, third largest, and so on. Use a separate form for each target market description.

Also list target market behavior (users, purchasers, dollars/customer, and retrial rate).

t accounts % of egory sales EGORY Growth Rate Past 5 Years	Segment accounts for % of total company sales COMPANY Growth Rate This Year Past 5 Years	Percent of Penetration COMPANY TO CATEGOR Penetration This Year
% of egory sales EGORY Growth Rate	for % of total company sales COMPANY Growth Rate	COMPANY TO CATEGOR Penetration
egory sales EGORY Growth Rate	total company sales COMPANY Growth Rate	COMPANY TO CATEGOR Penetration
EGORY Growth Rate	COMPANY Growth Rate	COMPANY TO CATEGOR Penetration
Growth Rate	Growth Rate	Penetration
rast 5 tears	Inis tear Past 5 rears	i ms rear
	Segment accounts	
		Percent of Penetration
		COMPANY TO CATEGOR
Growth Rate	Growth Rate	Penetration
rast 5 lears	inis tear Fast 5 tears	This Year
t	t accounts % of tegory sales TEGORY Growth Rate Past 5 Years	

4

Task 3. Define the Primary and Secondary Target Market Segments Target Market for Consumers: Short Term

Boo	
Primary	
Consorders (TAThorn Amelicable)	
Secondary (Where Applicable)	
Rationale	
Target Market for Consumers: Long Term	
Primary	
Secondary (Where Applicable)	
Secondary (Transcore)	
Rationale	

Task 4. Refine Your Selections

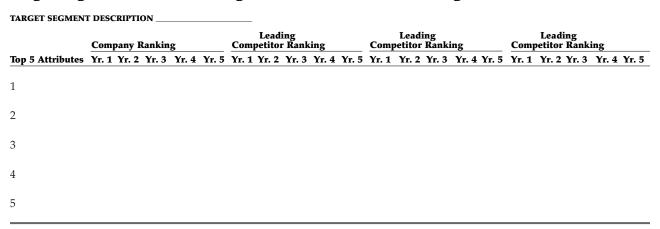
Review Your Target Selections Based on the Following

- Consistency with brand positioning
- Strong awareness
- Positive attitude toward company and its products and services

Target Segment A	wareness	Ratings
------------------	----------	---------

IPTION		_				
Yr. 1	Yr. 2	Yr. 3	Yr. 4	Yr. 5		
					Yr. 1 Yr. 2 Yr. 3 Yr. 4 Yr. 5	

Target Segment Attribute Ratings Critical to Brand Positioning



Task 5. Analyze Demand for Your Products and Services

Demand Analysis

1.	Primary target market total population size	
	Geographic constraints	
3.	Average purchases per year per customer	
4.	Total purchase per year in category	
5.	Average dollars per purchase	\$
6.	Total dollar purchases in category	\$
7.	Your company's projected share of purchases	\$
8.	Additional factors and considerations	
9.	Final demand expectations for your category	\$
10.	Final demand expectations for your company	\$

CHAPTER 6 POSITIONING

WORKSHEET 35

Method 1 for Finding Your Brand Promise: Positioning by Emotional Relationship

1.	Develop individual profile of your highest-opportunity consumer:
	Demographics:
	Attitudes, opinions, and lifestyle:
2.	Brainstorm and list motivators:
3.	Research and rank motivator choices with customer profile:
	•
	•
	•
4.	Identify the primary motivator:
5.	Use the motivator to write a positioning strategy:

Key Competition

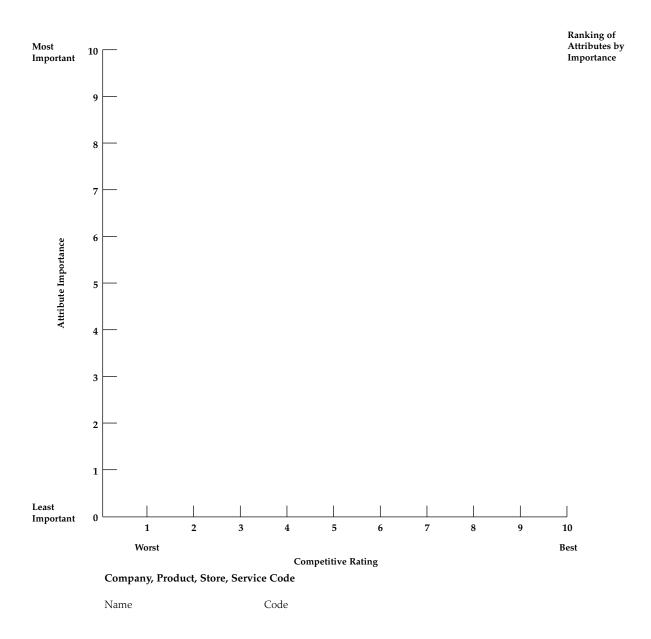
WORKSHEET 35 (Continued)

Method 2 for Finding Your Brand Promise: Positioning by Matching Matching Product Differences to the Target Market's Needs and Wants

Key Target Market

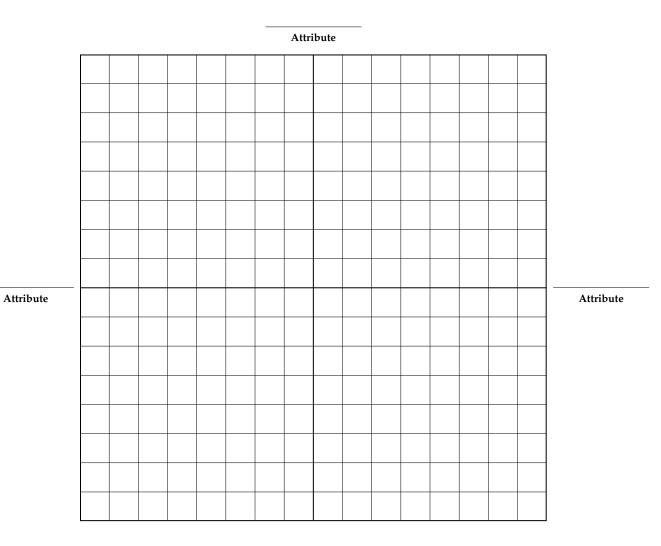
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
Differences from Competitor	Characteristics—Needs and Wants
Product, store, service attributes	What
New products, improvements	
Packaging, store appearance	Where
Branding, name, reputation	THE STATE OF THE S
Distribution, penetration	When
Price	Why (Benefit)
Communication	
Personal selling	How purchased or used
Customer service	
Other	How the target and its needs and wants are changing

Method 3 for Finding Your Brand Promise: Positioning by Mapping Positioning by Mapping Attributes



Method 3 for Finding Your Brand Promise: Positioning by Mapping (Continued)

Positioning by Mapping Polar Quadrants



Attribute

Format for Your Brand Positioning Strategy

Step 1. Brand Foundation Story and Worldview

tep 2. Brand Promise
Frand Promise Format Option 1 To [target: whom you're for], brand [your company or product] is a [industry category description] that offers [what you do] that provides [why you're different and why you're famous] because of [reason to believe that's relevant to the target audience].
Frand Promise Format Option 2 Only brand delivers [unique benefit] to [primary target descriptor].
Frand Promise Format Option 3 [Brand or company product] is known for [adjective], [adjective], and [noun].
tep 3. Brand Essence
Is Not
tep 4. Brand Personification
It's the year 20XX, 15 years from now. Write three to four headlines that will appear in the newspaper, on your favorite Internet news site, on your Kindle, or on your Apple iPad about our company or our products and services based on the brand promise:
Based on your brand positioning, people will describe you as:

Format for Your Brand Positioning Strategy (Continued)

	3	
	4	
	5	<u> </u>
	TATI (1 1 () 1	
•	What do you need to start o	loing or stop doing to bring your brand positioning alive?
•	What do you need to start of Start Doing	loing or stop doing to bring your brand positioning alives
•	•	
•	•	Stop Doing
•	•	Stop Doing
•	Start Doing	Stop Doing
•	Start Doing	Stop Doing

- Given your target market description, how will the brand positioning change the participants' expectations?
- How will our product and/or service portfolio change? Will we develop further, add to, or shrink our current product offerings? How?
- What product or service changes will take place? How will we develop our basic set of products and services? Will we have added new ones, eliminated others? Which are more important and less important?
- How will we change the ways in which we interface with our customers?
- How will we communicate differently in terms of what we say, how we say it, and where we say it?
- How will we get our product to our customers differently into the future?
- Will our customer service operations change?
- Internally, what things will evolve due to our brand positioning? Will we communicate differently with each other? What will be the structure of the organization? What jobs and personnel positions do we need more of and less of? What types of staff members, in terms of talent and experience, do we need more of and less of? How will our physical space look different? How will it change?

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The Successful Marketing Plan

CHAPTER 7 SALES OBJECTIVES

WORKSHEET 36

Method 1 for Setting Quantitative Sales Objectives: Outside Macro Approach

Market and Share Data

		MARKET SA	ALES VOLUME		CO	MPANY SHARE PI	IE MARKET		
	\$	Percent Change from Previous Year	Units	Percent Change from Previous Year	\$	Percent Change from Previous Year	Units	Percent Change from Previous Year	
Previous 5 Years									
Year 1									
Year 2									
Year 3									
Year 4									
Year 5									
Next 3 Years' Pro	ojections								
Year 1									
Year 2									
Year 3									

Three-Year Sales Projection for Company

		DOLLARS		UNITS						
	Market Sales \$ Volume	×	Company Share Percent of Market	=	Company \$ Sales	Market Sales Unit Volume	×	Company Unit Share Percent of Market	=	Company Unit Sales
Year 1										
Year 2										
Year 3										

Method 2 for Setting Quantitative Sales Objectives: Inside Micro Approach

Projections from Top: Sales Forecast for Manufacturing, Service, or Retail Category*

	COMPANY			
	\$ Percent Change from Previous Year	Units	Percent Change from Previous Year	
Previous 5 Years				
Year 1				
Year 2				
Year 3				
Year 4				
Year 5				
Next 3 Years' Projections				
Year 1				
Year 2				
Year 3				

Note: Complete a worksheet for your company's total sales and a worksheet for each individual product or department.

Projections from Bottom: Sales Forecast by Distribution Channel for Manufacturers*

	EXISTING				NEW		
Channel	Number	Dollars	Units	Number	Dollars	Units	
Total							

Note: Develop projections for each year for a three-year period.

Projections from Bottom: Sales Forecast by Store for Retailers*

	STORES	
	\$	Transactions
Market		
Name of store and store number		
Market total		

Note: Develop projections for each year of a three-year period.

^{*}Based on your type of business, include in your sales projections dollars and numbers of units, transactions processed, and people served. Also take into consideration new products, distribution channels, stores or services, and price changes. Use net dollar sales to trade and/or intermediate markets.

^{*}In your sales projections, take into consideration new products, changes in distribution outlets, and price changes. Use net dollar sales to trade and/or intermediate markets.

^{*}In your sales projections, take into consideration new stores, products, and services along with price changes. Service organizations use service offices or centers in place of stores. Retail and service firms use dollar sales to ultimate purchasers. Service organizations use the number of people served in place of transactions processed.

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The Successful Marketing Plan

WORKSHEET 36 (Continued)

Method 3 for Setting Quantitative Sales Objectives: Expense-Plus Approach

Review of Historical Financial Data

			EXPENSE	S	
Previous 5 Years	Gross Margin Dollars	Profit Percent of Sales	Percent of Sales	\$ Millions	
Year 1					
Year 2					
Year 3					
Year 4					
Year 5					

Expense Plus Calculations



Reconciling the Sales Objectives

	MA	CRO	MICRO		EXPENSE PLUS		COMPOSITE SALES OBJECTIVES	
	Dollars	Units	Dollars	Units	Dollars	Units	Dollars	Units
Short Term								
1 Year								
Long Term								
2 Year								
3 Year								
o real								

Making Qualitative Adjustments to the Quantitative Sales Objectives

Qualitative Impacting Factors	±	Point Change	Percentage Adjustment	×	Composite Sales Objective	=	Adjusted Sales Objective
1.							
2.							
3.							
Total Adjusted Sales: \$_		(total	l of adjusted sales o	bjective)			
New Sales Objective af	ter Adjus	stments: \$	(total of adj	usted sales	divided by number	of factors)	

Notes

- 1. List the qualitative factors and the extent to which they will impact the previous sales objectives that were numerically derived. Adjust the composite sales objectives accordingly to arrive at your final sales objectives.
- 2. Use qualitative adjustments for numbers of units, transactions processed, or people served, as well as for the sales dollars objectives for each year's projections. However, the percentage point adjustments may differ from dollars.

Format for Writing Your Sales Objectives Rationale

Sales Objectives for Manufacturers

Sl	hort Term (One Year)	
1.	Increase the dollar sales to \$	% over the previous year, from \$
2.	Increase the unit sales to \$	% over the previous year, from \$
L	ong Term*	
1.	Increase the dollar sales from \$ to \$	% from year,
2.	Increase the unit sales	% from year to year,

Rationale

from \$_

Notes:

- $1. \ \ \, \text{Use this format for total company sales as well as for specific products}.$
- 2. Include profit objectives as well, using a similar format.

^{*}List two- and three-year sales objectives separately.

Format for Writing Your Sales Objectives Rationale

Sales Objectives for Retail and Service

5	hort Term (One Year)	
L.	Increase the total dollar sales	_ % and transactions % over the
	previous year, from \$ to \$, and from transactions to transactions.
2.	Increase the comparable-store sales	% and transactions % over
	the previous year, from \$ to	and from transactions to transactions.
Ĺ	ong Term*	
L.	Increase the total sales % a	nd transactions % for year
	, from	\$ to \$, and from transactions to transactions.
2.	Increase the comparable-store sales	% and transactions % for year
	to year, from	\$ to \$, and from transactions to transactions.

Rationale

Notes:

- 1. Use this format for total company sales as well as for specific retail and service categories. Retailers might also want to use unit objectives. Service organizations use dollars and people or companies served.
- 2. Include profit objectives as well, using a similar format.

^{*}List two- and three-year sales objectives separately.

Dollar result: Total dollars generated from objective: \$_

CHAPTER 8 MARKETING OBJECTIVES WORKSHEET 37

Provide the following for each of your primary and secondary target segments.

Increased Trial by New PuPenetration (number of con	archasers mpany customers divided by the number of total potential customers	in
segment):		
	number of new customers:	
 Dollars per new customer: 	Φ	
Dollar result: Total dollars gene	erated from objective: \$	
Dationalo.		
Rationale:		
Increase Retention of Exis	•	
Number of existing customHistorical retention rate:	ners in segment:	
Objective: Retain	% or number of existing customers.	
Dollar result: Total dollars gene	erated from objective: \$	
Rationale:		
Increase Purchases by Exi	sting Customers	
	ners in segment:	
• Number of transactions per	r year purchase occasions:	
Objective: Increase number of	f average yearly customer transactions or purchases from	_ to
9	erated from objective: \$	
 Average dollars per purcha 	ise: \$	
Objective: Increase average do	llars per purchase from \$ to \$	
Dollar result: Total dollars gene	erated from objective: \$	
Increase Purchases by Lap	psed Purchasers	
 Total number of lapsed pur 	rchasers and users:	
	number of lapsed purchasers such that they purchase, on average at \$ per purchase.	age,
	r r	

CHAPTER 9 COMMUNICATION OBJECTIVES WORKSHEET 38

Communication Values Review Worksheet

Tactical Tool	Activity	Results	Directional Implications
Product			
Naming			
Packaging			
Pricing			
Distribution			
Personal selling			
Advertising			
Promotions			
Media			
Interactive media			
Merchandising			
Public relations			

Tactical Tool Importance Rankings

	AV	VARENESS	ATTITUDE			
Tactical Tool	Purchaser	Nonpurchaser	Purchaser	Nonpurchaser		
Product						
Naming						
Packaging						
Pricing						
Distribution						
Personal selling						
Promotions						
Advertising						
Media						
Interactive media						
Merchandising						
Public relations						

 $\textit{Note}{:}\ VI = very\ important,\ I = important,\ MI = moderately\ important,\ NI = not\ important.$

Locking Sales from the Target Market to Marketing Objectives and Communication Objectives

Communication Objectives Final Worksheet

	Total sales:								
	Total target market size:								
	CUSTO	OMERS	NONCUSTOMERS						
Target Sales Objectives	\$		\$						
MARKETING OBJECTIVES	%	No.	%	No.					
Current purchasers:									
Increase retention									
Increase purchase per customer									
Nonpurchasers:									
Increase new customers									
Acquire lapsed purchasers									
PURCHASE INTENT	%	No.	%	No.					
Believe they will definitely purchase									
	UNAIDED AWARENESS PREVIOUS PURCHASERS	POSITIVE ATTITUDE PREVIOUS PURCHASERS	UNAIDED AWARENESS NONPURCHASERS	POSITIVE ATTITUDE NONPURCHASERS					
	% No.	% No.	% No.	% No.					
Tactical Tool Communication Objectives Product Naming Packaging Pricing Distribution Personal selling Advertising Promotions Media Interactive media Merchandising Public relations									
Summary of Communication Obj The following quick summary sheet of Awareness: Increase awareness Attitude: Increase perceptions acros company brand positioning: Attribute 1. Increase positive perception of 2. Increase positive perception of	an be used in percers attributes (en	place of the mornt over last year notional and rat	from	to					
3. Increase positive perception of									

CHAPTER 10 MESSAGE STRATEGY WORKSHEET 39

Targeting and Go-to-Market Messaging Requirements

Think about the simplicity or complexity of your go-to-market messaging needs: one message to one audience, several messages to one audience, many messages to several audiences.

audience, several messages to one audience, many messages to several audiences. Positioning Key Insights:

1.

2.

3.

4.

Message Strategy (What story are you telling?)

- 1. Why should the target care (emotional reason to believe)
- 2. Why should the target believe you (rational reason to believe)

Platform Idea

CHAPTER 11 UMBRELLA STRATEGY WORKSHEET 40

The 19 Umbrella Strategies

Provide a rationale for each of the following strategies:

Target market strategies

Pricing strategies: Low cost or differentiation

Building the market or stealing market share

National, regional, and local market strategies

Product strategies

Naming strategies

Packaging strategies

Seasonality strategies

Spending strategies

Competition strategies

Distribution of product and penetration or coverage strategies

Personal selling, service, and operations strategies

Promotions and events strategies

Advertising strategies

Media strategies

Interactive media strategies

Merchandising strategies

Public relations strategies

Marketing research and testing (R&T) strategies

CHAPTER 12 PRODUCT, NAMING, AND PACKAGING WORKSHEET 41

Development of a Marketing Plan for a New Product

Product Objectives	
Product Strategies	
Rationale	
WORKSHEET 42	
Development of a Naming Plan	
Naming Objectives	
Naming Strategies	
Naming Parameters	
Rationale	

WORKSHEET 43

Development of a Packaging Plan

Packaging Objectives

Packaging Strategies

Rationale

CHAPTER 13 PRICING

WORKSHEET 44

Pricing Considerations

Consideration	Specific Situation	Pricing Implication	Potential Price Approach
Problems and opportunities			_
			_
Marketing objectives			
Positioning			
Marketing strategies			
Marketing Stategies			
Price communication goals			
Breakeven			
Price elasticity			
Product life cycle stage			_
Product differentiation			
			_
Business goals			
Competition pricing			
Oil			_
Other			

WORKSHEET 45

Development of a Pricing Plan

Pricing Objectives

Pricing Strategies

Rationale

CHAPTER 14 DISTRIBUTION

WORKSHEET 46

Development of a Distribution Plan

Distribution Objectives

Distribution Strategies

Rationale

CHAPTER 15 PERSONAL SELLING

WORKSHEET 47

Development of a Personal Selling and Service Plan

Personal Selling and Service Objectives

Personal Selling and Service Strategies

Rationale

CHAPTER 16 ADVERTISING CONTENT WORKSHEET 48

Integrated Advertising Content Creative Blueprint

Communications Objectives

Brand awareness:

Attitudes:

Advertising Model

Creative Strategy

What's your brand promise or brand idea?

What's your subject matter?

Whom are you talking to?

What barriers or trigger points does the audience have?

Which key communications drivers are you trying to affect?

What are your key messages?

What are the reasons why?

What's your brand persona or archetype?

Content Mandatories for Execution

Legal considerations:

Specific calls to action (toll-free numbers, website addresses, retail channels):

Media selection, size requirements, and so on:

CHAPTER 17 PROMOTIONS

WORKSHEET 49

Format for a Promotion Plan	
Promotion Objectives	
Promotion Strategies	
Rationale	
WORKSHEET 50	
Promotion Event Execution	
Program Theme	

Sales Objective

Promotion Objective

Promotion Strategies

Description

Support

Rationale

WORKSHEET 51

Calculation for the Cost of a Coupon Promotion

High Medium Low

Redemption Costs

Value of coupon

Number of coupons distributed

Estimated redemption rate

Number redeemed

Dollar value of offer

(number redeemed × value of coupon)

Advertising and Media Costs

Printing of coupons

Mailing costs

Total cost of promotion

WORKSHEET 52

Payback Calculation for an Open Promotion

Situation

Promotion:

Time period:

Geography:

Sales

Estimated sales for period without promotion:

Estimated gross margin dollars for period without promotion:

Estimated sales with promotion:

Estimated gross margin dollars with promotion:

Estimated net margin dollar increase with promotion:

Media and Advertising Cost

Estimated ongoing advertising and media costs with or without promotion*:

Total advertising and media costs with promotion:

Incremental advertising and media costs due to promotion:

Payout

Incremental margin sales:

Incremental advertising and media expenditures:

Contribution to fixed overhead:

*What would have been spent in regular mainline advertising and media.

CHAPTER 18 ADVERTISING MEDIA WORKSHEET 53

Format for a Media Plan

Budget	and	Rationale	(Optional)
--------	-----	-----------	------------

Media Strategies

Target Audience

Geography

Seasonality and Timing

Weight and Impact Goals Quantitative

Qualitative

Media Test Objectives (Optional)

Rationale for Strategies

Media Selection

Media mix

Define role for each medium:

Specific vehicles for each medium:

Specific scheduling for each medium:

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The Successful Marketing Plan

WORKSHEET 54

Format for a Media Budget

Spending by Medium and Quarter

Company, Product, and/or Service:

Year:

Date:

	ISI Q	uarter	Ziiu y	Zuarter	Jiu	Zuai tei	TIII)	¿uai tei	Iutai		rercent	
Medium:	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	%	

Total	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Percent	%	%	%	%	100%

Spending by Product or Market and Media

Company, Product, and/or Service:

Year:

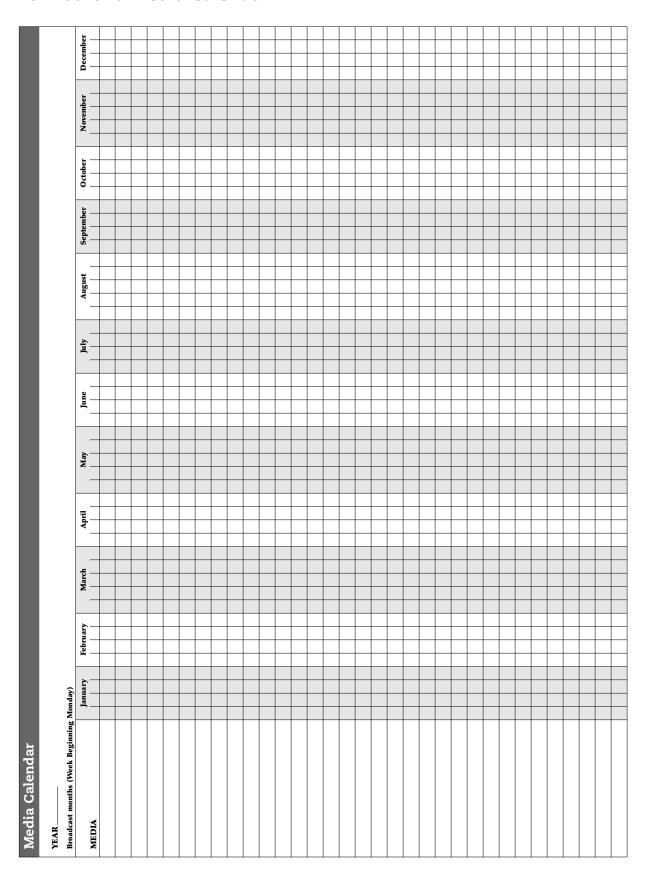
Date:

Total Spending by Product or Medium Market **Product or Market**

Total spending by medium \$ 100%

WORKSHEET 55

Format for a Media Calendar



CHAPTER 19 INTERACTIVE COMMUNICATIONS WORKSHEET 56

Format for Establishing Internet Media Objectives

Tormat for Establishing internet Media Objectives
Short-Term Objectives
Rationale

Long-Term Objectives

Rationale

Format for Establishing an Internet Media Strategy

Overview and Description

Rationale

Target Market Considerations

Technology and Infrastructure Considerations

Possible Alternatives

Website Content Plan

Purpose

Target Audiences

Content Inventory

List content to be included in your website. For each content item, identify the source for the information. This may include specific document and/or individuals within your organization who will prepare or create the content.

Content Item	Source or Location of Content		

Website Interaction Inventory

List interactive features or forms to be included on your website. For each item, identify the individuals within your organization who have information needed to create the interaction.

Item	Description and Contact Person

Information Structure

Create and attach an outline of the content to be included on your website. The main headings in the outline should correspond to groups of content that should be available from the home page of your site.

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The Successful Marketing Plan

WORKSHEET 60

Developing a Website Implementation Plan Overview

•	

Budget

Estimate the hours and costs associated with the project. Costs should include staff time, vendor costs, and anticipated hosting and maintenance costs.

	Hours	Cost
Staff-related costs		
Vendor costs		
Hosting costs		
Maintenance costs		
Total		

Website Development Timeline

Create a general timeline for completing project milestones.

MILESTONES	DATES
Planning	
Evaluate competitive industry category sites, and make an analysis of website stats.	
Define site requirements, and create a site map.	
Design	
Create design and content options.	
Select design.	
Production	
Give content to website developer.	
Have database design reviewed and approved, if applicable.	
Implement the site (create the site).	
Testing	
Launch the beta installation.	
Proofread and test the website.	
Conduct an internal beta installation review.	
Obtain client's final review and approval.	
Make final changes, and proofread and test the corrections.	
Distribution	
Site goes live.	

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Rationale

The Successful Marketing Plan

CHAPTER 20 MERCHANDISING WORKSHEET 62 Developing a Merchandising Plan **Objectives Strategies** Rationale CHAPTER 21 PUBLIC RELATIONS WORKSHEET 63 Developing a Public Relations Plan **Objectives Strategies**

CHAPTER 22 BUDGET, PAYBACK, AND CALENDAR WORKSHEET 64

Marketing Plan Budget

Marketing Mix Tool \$ Percent of Total Budget

Advertising Media

Television

Newspaper

Radio

Direct mail

Outdoor display

Other

Total

Internet Media

Total

Production

Television

Newspaper

Radio

Direct mail

Outdoor display

Other

Total

Product, Naming, and Packaging

Total

Personal Selling and Operations

Total

Promotions

Redemption cost

Media support

Production

Total

Merchandising

Production

Total

Public Relations

Total

Research

Total

Miscellaneous

Total

Grand Total

Marketing Plan Budget Comparison

\$ Percent of Sales

Total Budget Compared to Industry Average and Previous Year

Marketing as a percent of sales per plan

Marketing as a percent of sales per industry average

Index: Company budget to industry average

Index: Company budget to previous year

Total Planned Budget Compared to Competition

Total planned budget for company

Total estimated budget for Competitor A

Total estimated budget for Competitor B

Total estimated budget for Competitor C

WORKSHEET 66

Contribution-to-Fixed-Costs Payback Analysis

Assumptions

Sales

Less cost of goods sold

Gross profit

Less:

Media

Production costs

Promotion costs

Merchandising

Selling

Research

Public relations and miscellaneous

Total marketing mix tools

Contribution to fixed costs

Fixed costs

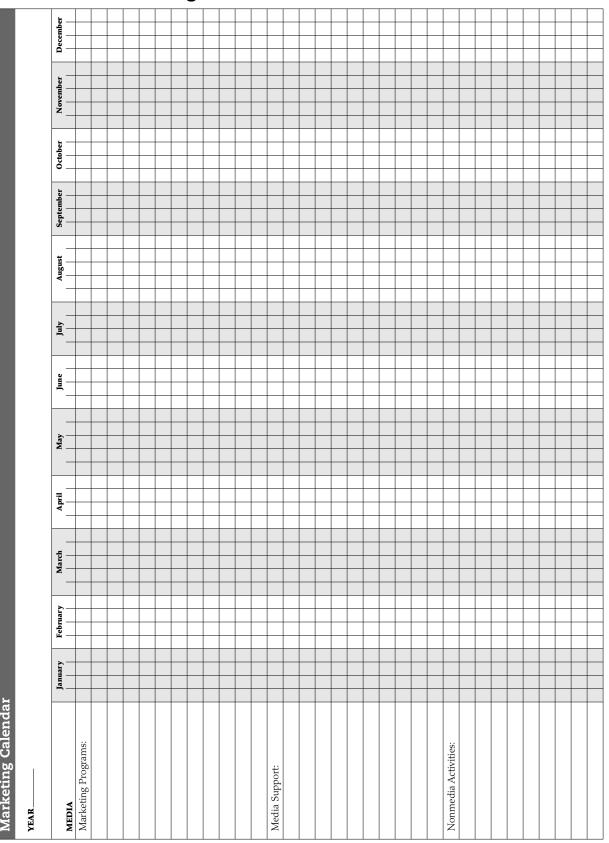
Profit before taxes

Gross-Margin-to-Net-Sales Payback Analysis

Assumptions

	Year 1 Projections	Year 2 Projections	Year 3 Projections	
Net sales				
Gross margin				
Less promotion				
Less advertising				
Profit or loss				

Format for a Marketing Calendar



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CHAPTER 24 PLAN EVALUATION

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Key Evaluation Metrics

Key Evaluation Metrics for Target Market Segment 1

	Current Year's Rank	Next Year's Rank	And so on
Share Numbers			
Share of mind			
Share of market			
Share of wallet			
Share of closet			
Brand Development Index (BDI)			
Category Development Index (CDI)			
Share of visits			
Average dollars spent per purchase			
Market penetration of product category			
Target market segment penetration			
Purchase index			
Measures of Awareness, Attitudes, and Perceptions			
Unaided awareness			
First mention awareness			
Aided awareness			
Knowledge ratio			
Awareness conversion rate			
Key attribute perception shifts			
Attribute 1			
Attribute 2			
Attribute 3			
Relevance			
Esteem			
Differentiation			
Loyalty Measures			
Retention ratio			
Sole purchase			
Satisfaction scores			
Attribute 1			
Attribute 2			
Attribute 3			
Future purchase intent			
Recommend to a friend			

Control market

Net percent point difference

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Growth Rate of Improvement (GRI) Sales Trending Method: Preperiod-to-Test-Period Comparison

Preperiod-to	-Test-Period Compariso	on		
Evaluation Object	tive			
Evaluation Strate	gies			
Evaluation Execu	tion			
Test Market ver	rsus Control Market Dollar	Sales Analysis		
Test Period				
		Last Year	This Year	Percent Change
Preperiod versus Test Period	Preperiod Test market Control market Test period Test market Control market			
		Preperiod Percent Change	Test Period Percent Change	Point Gain or Loss
	Growth rate of improvement (GRI) Test market Control market Net percent point difference Incremental sales: GRI × test p	eriod sales \$ =	= net weekly gain \$	
		Last Year	This Year	Percent Change
Test Period versus Postperiod	Test period Test market Control market Postperiod Test market Control market			
		Test Period Percent Change	Postperiod Percent Change	Point Gain or Loss
	Growth rate of improvement (GRI) Test market			

Incremental sales: GRI ____ × test period sales \$ ____ = net weekly gain \$ _

Growth Rate of Improvement (GRI) Sales Trending Method, Continued

		Last Ital	Till5 Icai	Tercent Change
D	B			
Postperiod versus	Postperiod			
Preperiod	Test market Control market			
	Preperiod Test market			
	Control market			
	Control market			
		Postperiod Percent Change	Preperiod Percent Change	Point Gain or Loss
	Growth rate of improvement (GRI)			
	Test market			
	Control market			
	Net percent point difference			
	Incremental sales: GRI × test p	eriod sales \$ =	= net weekly gain \$	
Test Market ve	rsus National System Averag	ge Dollar Sale	s Analysis	
		Last Year	This Year	Percent Change
Preperiod versus	Preperiod			
Test Period	Test market			
	National system average			
	Test period			
	Test market			
	National system average			
		Preperiod	Test Period	
		Percent Change	Percent Change	Point Gain or Loss
	Growth rate of improvement (GRI)			
	Test market			
	National system average			
	Net percent point difference	. 1 1 0		
	Incremental sales: GRI $___$ × test p	eriod sales \$ =	= net weekly gain \$	
		Last Year	This Year	Percent Change
		-	•	
Test Period versus	Test period			
Postperiod	_ Test market			
	National system average			
	Postperiod			
	Test market			
	National system average			
		Test Period	Postperiod	
		Percent Change	Percent Change	Point Gain or Loss
	Growth rate of improvement (GRI)			
	_			
	Test market			
	National system average			
	Net percent point difference			
	Incremental sales: GRI $___$ × test p	eriod sales \$ =	= net weekly gain \$	